



calculated PHITS results, fluence distribution of neutrons and nucleus including  $^{238}\text{U}$  ions, were presented. All devices and real geometry were considered in this simulation in order to figure out the contribution of those to sample activation, especially a big dipole magnet downstream of the stripper chamber.

The energy distributions of produced neutrons were calculated by the unfolding method. The SAND-II code<sup>(6)</sup> was applied for several threshold reactions of Bi, Co, and Al elements. The measured data were compared with the results simulated using the FLUKA, and the PHITS.

### III. Results and Discussion

The radionuclide production rates of Bi, Co and Al samples were measured for different angles, 15, 30, 45, and 90 degrees as shown in figure 2. The rate of Bi samples are presented in figure 3. The angular distribution of production rate regenerated well the theoretical trend. The comparison between the measured and the calculated data by two codes showed reasonable agreements but the PHITS results underestimated more than the FLUKA results relatively.

All neutron-induced reactions of Bi, Co, and Al samples have each threshold energy. The neutron spectra above 10 MeV were obtained from the production yields of each reactions through the unfolding process<sup>(7)</sup>. The contamination of neutron energy spectrum by surrounding devices except of the Be stripper target was found as very small at the energy range higher than 20 MeV. The calculated spectra using the FLUKA had good agreements with the unfolded one for every emission angle. Figure 4 shows one spectra. However the PHITS results showed big discrepancy. The reason of the discrepancy has been discussed at present. The different physics model of two codes at the energy range has been reviewed.

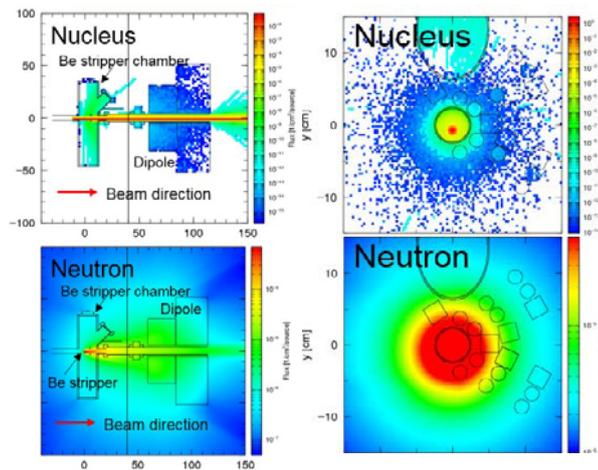


Figure 2: Fluence Distribution of nucleus (up) and neutrons (down) at stripping reaction area.

### IV. Conclusion

These experimental results are very important to compensate the fact that there is no proved data below about 300 MeV/u for

benchmarking  $^{238}\text{U}$  induced neutron production. The enhanced analysis is ongoing to confirm the discrepancy between the PHITS and the FLUKA results or with the experimental results.

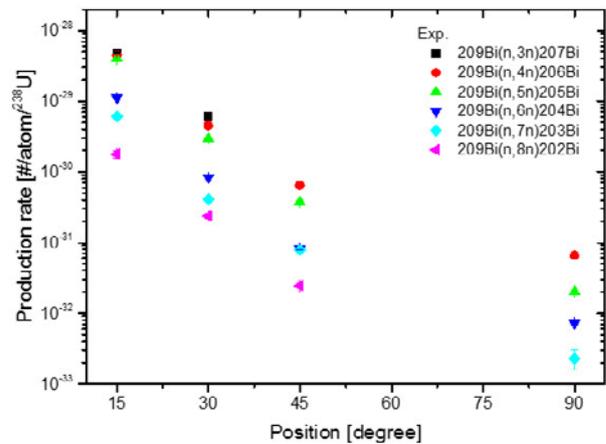


Figure 3: Angular distribution of radionuclide yields in Bi samples.

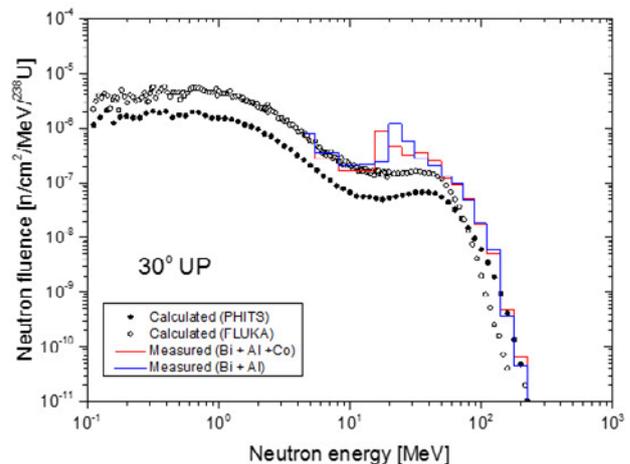


Figure 4: Differential neutron yields from thin Be target by 50 MeV/u  $^{238}\text{U}$  beam at 30 degree: comparison of the measured using two or three elements with - resulted calculated by PHITS and FLUKA.

### References

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